

### MINA' BENTE NUEBI NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN

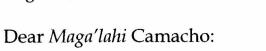
TWENTY-NINTH GUAM LEGISLATURE

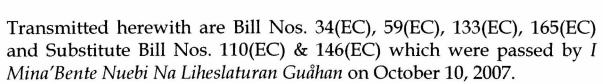
155 Hessler Place, Hagåtña, Guam 96910

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October 11, 2007

The Honorable Felix P. Camacho I Maga'lahen Guåhan Ufisinan I Maga'lahi Hagåtña, Guam 96910





Sincerely,

RAY TENORIO

Senator and Secretary of the Legislature

Enclosures (6)

# I MINA'BENTE NUEBI NA LIHESLATURAN GUAHAN 2007 (FIRST) Regular Session

# CERTIFICATION OF PASSAGE OF AN ACT TO I MAGA'LAHEN GUÅHAN

This is to certify that Bill No. 34 (EC), "AN ACT TO AMEND §§3312, 5101, 5104, 5109 AND 5112 OF TITLE 16 GCA, RELATIVE TO INCREASING THE SAFETY OF GUAM'S ROADS BY PROHIBITING CERTAIN VEHICLES FROM DRIVING IN THE FARTHEST LEFT HAND LANE IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES: INCREASING THE HEIGHTS OF VEHICLES AND LOADS: GRANTING DIVISION OF MOTOR VEHICLES/MOTOR SAFETY ASSISTANCE CARRIER PROGRAM OFFICIALS WITH **INCREASING** CITATION AUTHORITY; AND **PENALTIES FOR** VIOLATIONS OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE CODE," was on the 10th day of October 2007, duly and regularly passed.

Attested:	Edward J.B. Calvo Acting Speaker
Ray Tenorio Senator and Secretary of the Legislature	
This Act was received by <i>I Maga'lahen Guåhan</i> thiso'clock <u>ア</u> M.	day of Oct., 2007, at  Maga'lahi's Officer
APPROVED:	-
FELIX P. CAMACHO  I Maga'lahen Guåhan  Date:	
Public Law No	

## I MINA'BENTE NUEBI NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2007 (FIRST) Regular Session

**Bill No. 34 (EC)** 

As amended on the Floor.

Introduced by:

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Edward J.B. Calvo
R. J. Respicio
Frank F. Blas, Jr.
James V. Espaldon
Mark Forbes
Judith Paulette Guthertz
Frank T. Ishizaki
J. A. Lujan
Tina Rose Muña Barnes
A. B. Palacios, Sr.
v. c. pangelinan
David L.G. Shimizu
A. R. Unpingco
J. T. Won Pat

Ray Tenorio

AN ACT TO AMEND §§3312, 5101, 5104, 5109 AND 5112 OF TITLE 16 GCA, RELATIVE TO INCREASING THE SAFETY OF **GUAM'S ROADS** BY **PROHIBITING CERTAIN** VEHICLES FROM DRIVING IN THE FARTHEST LEFT HAND LANE IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES; INCREASING THE HEIGHTS OF VEHICLES AND LOADS; GRANTING DIVISION OF **MOTOR** VEHICLES/MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM OFFICIALS WITH CITATION AUTHORITY; AND INCREASING PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE CODE.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

- 2 Section 1. Statement of Legislative Findings and Purpose. The
- 3 standards established by Guam's current Motor Vehicle Code need to be updated

to support the development of Guam's transportation and other industries, and to enhance the safety of Guam's roads. For example, current law designates the far right lane to be the safest for large vehicles. However, the law was written for two (2) lane roads and Guam now has three (3) lane roads. With three (3) lane roads, such as Route 1, the middle lane tends to be the safest as truck drivers have better visibility of all the lanes from that position. This law prohibits vehicles in excess of ten thousand (10,000) pounds from driving in the farthest left hand lane, with certain exceptions.

Furthermore, although the Guam Police Department has the authority to issue citations for violations of the Motor Vehicle Code, it lacks training and funding to enforce vehicle weight and load restrictions. Division Of Motor Vehicles/Motor Carrier Safety Assistance Program (DMV/MCSAP) inspectors, currently under the purview of the Department of Revenue & Taxation, have the ability to inspect, set up weight stations and to weigh vehicles, and thus have the greatest familiarity with this aspect of the Motor Vehicle Code. However, DMV/MCSAP inspectors do not have authority to issue citations. This law provides the DMV/MCSAP inspectors with the authority to issue citations for certain violations.

Finally, this law addresses those deficiencies by increasing the height of vehicles and loads and increasing the penalties for violations of Guam's Motor Vehicle Code.

**Section 2.** §3312 of Title 16 GCA is *amended* to read:

"§3312. Certain Vehicles to be Driven in Right-Hand Lane. When any truck, tractor, trailer, or any combination thereof with a gross weight of vehicle and load of ten thousand (10,000) pounds or more is being driven on any highway,

l	it shall not be driven in the farthest left hand lane, except when overtaking and
2	passing a vehicle proceeding in the same direction or driven on a single lane or
3	when preparing for a left turn at an intersection or into a private road or
4	driveway."
5	Section 3. §5101 of Title 16 GCA is amended to read:
6	"§5101. Definitions. As used in this Chapter, the following definitions
7	will hold true:
8	Axle: The common axis of rotation of one (1) or more wheels,
9	whether in one (1) or more segments and regardless of the number of
10	wheels carried thereon.
11	Axle Group: An assemblage of two (2) or more consecutive axles
12	considered together in determining their combined load effect on a bridge or
13	pavement structure.
14	Axle Load: The total load transmitted to the road by all wheels
15	whose centers are included between the two (2) parallel transverse vertical
16	planes forty (40) inches apart, extending across the full width of the vehicle.
17	Connecting Mechanism: An arrangement of parts interconnecting
18	two (2) or more consecutive axles to the frame of a vehicle in such a manner
19	as to equalize the load between the axles.
20	Gross Weight: The weight of a vehicle and/or vehicle combination
21	without load, plus the weight of any load thereon.
22	Height: The total vertical dimension of any vehicle above the
23	ground surface including any load and load holding device thereon.

Highway: The entire width between the boundary lines of every

publicly maintained surface, when any part thereof is open to the use of the

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public for purposes of vehicular travel; synonymous and interchangeable in usage with "street".

Length: The total longitudinal dimension of any vehicle or combination of vehicles, including any load or load holding devices thereon.

Load: A weight or quantity of anything resting upon a support.

*Motor Vehicle:* A vehicle which is self- propelled *or* propelled by electric power obtained from overhead trolley wires, but not operating upon rails.

Owner: A person, other than a lienholder, having the property in or title to a vehicle, including a person entitled to use and possession of a vehicle subject to a security interest in another person, but excluding a lessee under a lease not intended as security.

Primary Road: A primary road is a road with two (2) or more lanes each way, or any road with at least two (2) contiguous miles with a speed limit of thirty-five (35) mph or greater.

Scale Tolerance: An allowable variation in the static weight of an axle load in accordance with, but *not exceeding*, the precision of the scale involved.

Secondary Road: A secondary road is any road, paved or unpaved, that does not meet the definition of "primary road" as herein stated.

Semi-Trailer: A vehicle designed for carrying persons or property and drawn by a truck-tractor on which parts of its weight and load rests.

Single Axle: An assembly of two (2) or more wheels, whose centers are on one (1) transverse vertical plane or may be included between two (2)

parallel transverse vertical planes forty (40) inches apart extending the full width of the vehicle.

Single Axle Weight: The total weight transmitted to the road by a single axle.

Special Permit: A written authorization to move or operate on a highway, a vehicle or vehicles with indivisible load of a size and/or weight exceeding the limits prescribed for vehicles in regular operation.

Tandem Axle: Any two (2) or more consecutive axles whose centers are more than forty (40) inches but less than ninety-six (96) inches apart, and are individually attached and/or articulated from a common attachment to the vehicle including a connecting mechanism designed to equalize the load between the axles.

Tandem Axle Weight: The total weight transmitted to the road by two (2) or more consecutive axles whose centers may be included between parallel transverse planes spaced forty (40) inches but less than ninety-six (96) inches apart, extending the full width of the vehicle.

*Trailer*: A vehicle designed for carrying persons *or* property and drawn by a motor vehicle which carries no part of the weight and load of the trailer on its own wheels.

*Truck:* A motor vehicle designed, used *or* maintained primarily for the transportation of property.

*Truck-Tractor:* A motor vehicle designed for drawing other vehicles, but not for a load other than a part of the weight of the vehicle and load drawn.

1 Vehicle: A device in, upon or by which any person or property may 2 be transported or drawn upon a highway.

Vehicle Combination: A truck-tractor and semi-trailer, either with or without a full trailer, or a truck with one (1) or more full trailers.

Width: The total outside transverse dimension of a vehicle, including any load or load holding devices thereon, but excluding approved safety devices and tire bulge due to load."

**Section 4.** §5104 of Title 16 GCA is *amended* to read:

"§5104. Height of Vehicles and Loads. No vehicle, including any load and load holding devices thereon, *shall* exceed a total height of fourteen (14) feet for secondary roads and fifteen (15) feet for primary roads."

**Section 5.** §5109 of Title 16 GCA is *amended* to read:

"§5109. Authority to Stop, Inspect and Weigh Vehicles; Removal of Excess Loads. (a) Any police officer or Division of Motor Vehicles/Motor Carrier Safety Assistance Program (DMV/MCSAP) inspector observing conditions of vehicle appearance, operation or cargo storage, which might represent a potential or actual hazard, is authorized to stop the driver and submit the vehicle to an immediate inspection.

(b) Whenever an officer or DMV/MCSAP, upon inspection of a vehicle and/or load, determines the existence of a minor infraction, a citation will be issued and the vehicle allowed to proceed to its own shop for correction. When a vehicle is found to be hazardous to the driver or the public, the officer or DMV/MCSAP inspector has the authority to direct the discontinuance of the vehicle passage and require the vehicle to be moved to a storage area or government facility, and said vehicle shall remain there until such repairs or

corrections as stated can be effected either there, *or* its own shop. Such vehicle will not be allowed back into normal operation until corrections are made.

- (c) Any police officer or DMV/MCSAP inspector having reason to believe that the weight of a vehicle, either unladen or with load, is unlawful, is authorized to require the driver to stop and submit to a weighing of same by means of portable scales and should a question of weight arise, the officer or DMV/MCSAP inspector will require that such vehicles be driven to the nearest official scales.
- (d) Whenever an officer or DMV/MCSAP inspector, upon weighing a vehicle and load, as provided above, determines that the weight is unlawful, such officer or DMV/MCSAP inspector will require the driver to stop the vehicle in a suitable place and remain standing until such portion of the load is removed as may be necessary to reduce the weight of such vehicle such limit as permitted under this Chapter. A two thousand (2000) pound tolerance over and above the maximum permissible weight will be allowed before the removal of load will be required. All material so unloaded shall be cared for by the owner or driver of such vehicle at the risk of said owner or driver.
- (e) Any driver of a vehicle who fails or refuses to stop and submit the vehicle, either unladen or with load, to an inspection and/or weighing, or who fails or refuses when directed by the officer or DMV/MCSAP inspector upon inspection and/or weighing of the vehicle to stop the vehicle and otherwise comply with the provisions of this Section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor."
  - **Section 6.** §5112 of Title 16 GCA is *amended* to read:
- "§5112. Penalties. (a) Every person, entity *or* organization convicted of a violation of any of the provisions of this Chapter for which another penalty is not provided *shall*, for a first conviction thereof, be guilty of a misdemeanor and

- punished by a fine of not more than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) and 1 2 \$0.25/pound over the maximum allowable load as authorized in §5107; for a second such conviction within two (2) years thereafter, such person, entity or 3 organization shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and punished by a fine of not less 4 than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) and \$0.25/pound over the maximum 5 allowable load authorized in § 5107, but not more than Seven Hundred Fifty 6 7 Dollars (\$750.00) and \$0.50/pound over the maximum allowable load authorized in §5107; upon a third or subsequent conviction within two (2) years after the first 8 9 conviction such person, entity or organization shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to fine of not less than Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$750.00) and 10 \$0.50/pound over the maximum allowable load authorized in §5107 but not more 11 than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) and \$0.75/pound over the maximum 12 allowable load authorized in §5107. In no event shall any fine exceed One 13 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00). 14
  - (b) All permit fees and fines *shall* be deposited into the Better Public Service Fund at the Department of Revenue and Taxation, to be used by the Division of Motor Vehicles/Motor Carrier Safety Assistance Program.
    - (c) Responsible Party.

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- (1) Imported Shipping Containers Under Seal. Any importer *or* consignee, whether an individual *or* an entity, organization *or* company, whose shipping container placed under seal has been determined to be in violation of §5107 of this part *shall* be responsible for any fine, penalty, handling, additional transportation *or* other associated cost (including storage).
  - (2) Export Shipping Containers Under Seal. Any exporter,

whether an individual *or* an entity, organization, *or* company, whose shipping container placed under seal has been determined to be in violation of §5107 of this part *shall* be responsible for any fine, penalty, handling, additional transportation *or* other associated cost (including storage).

- (3) Local Containers Under Seal. Any individual and any organization, entity, or company loading a shipping container under seal not designated for export that has been determined to be in violation of §5107 of this part shall be responsible for any fine, penalty, handling, additional transportation or other associated cost (including storage).
- (4) All Other Local Transport Not Under Seal. Any individual *or* any cargo transporting entity, organization, *or* company determined to be in violation of §5107 of this part *shall* be responsible for any fine, penalty, handling, additional transportation *or* other associated cost (including storage) prescribed in this Section."
- **Section 7. Severability.** *If* any provision of this Act *or* its application to any person or circumstance is found to be invalid or contrary to law, such invalidity shall *not* affect other provisions or applications of this Act which can be given effect without the invalid provisions or applications, and to this end the provisions of this Act are severable.
- **Section 8. Effective Date.** The amendments herein *shall* be effective 21 upon the date of enactment.